Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2012

		2012		Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	annual recordable employment ⁴ cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
All industries including State and local government ⁶			3.0	1.4	1.0	0.4	1.6
Private industry ⁶			2.8	1.4	0.9	0.4	1.5
Goods-producing ⁶			2.7	1.6	0.9	0.6	1.1
Natural resources and mining ^{6,7}			(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁶	11		(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	115		(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Construction			3.0	1.8	1.5	0.3	1.1
Construction	23		3.0	1.8	1.5	0.3	1.1
Construction of buildings Heavy and civil engineering construction Specialty trade contractors Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors Building equipment contractors Building finishing contractors Other specialty trade contractors Manufacturing Manufacturing	236 237 238 2381 2382 2383 2389	 	3.2 4.4 2.6 3.5 2.9 1.4 2.4 2.6	1.3 2.8 1.9 2.6 1.9 1.2 1.6	1.1 1.7 1.7 2.3 1.7 1.2 1.6 0.5	(10) 1.1 0.2 0.3 (10) (10) (10) 0.9	1.8 1.6 0.8 (10) 0.9 1.2
Food manufacturing Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Chemical manufacturing Basic chemical manufacturing Resin, synthetic rubber, and artificial and synthetic fibers and filaments manufacturing	311 324 325 3251 3252	 	3.0 (10) 0.9 (10) (10)	1.7 (10) (10) (10) (10)	0.4 (10) (10) (10) (10)	1.3 (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)	1.3 (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2012 - Continued

		2012			h days away fron ansfer, or restricti			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases	
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing . Plastics and rubber products manufacturing (scope changed in 2009) . Plastics product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009) . Plastics packaging materials and unlaminated film and sheet manufacturing . Other plastics product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009) . Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing . Cement and concrete product manufacturing . Primary metal manufacturing . Fabricated metal product manufacturing . Architectural and structural metals manufacturing . Computer and electronic product manufacturing . Navigational, measuring, electromedical, and control instruments manufacturing (scope changed in 2009) . Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing . Transportation equipment manufacturing (scope changed in 2009) . Furniture and related product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009) .	326 3261 32611 32619 327 3273 331 332 3323 334 3345 335 336		(10) 2.8 2.7 (10) 4.9 6.3 (10) 4.0 2.5 3.1 0.6	(10) 1.5 1.6 (10) (10) (10) 3.8 (10) 3.0 1.5 1.8 (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (2.5	(10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)	(10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)	(10) 1.3 1.1 (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10	
Service-providing			2.9	1.3	1.0	0.4	1.5	
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹			3.7	1.9	1.4	0.5	1.9	
Wholesale trade	42		2.3	1.6	1.1	0.5	0.7	
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	424	 	2.4 2.6 1.2	1.4 1.9 1.2	1.2 1.0 1.2	(¹⁰) 0.9 (¹⁰)	1.0 0.7 (10)	
Retail trade	44-45		4.3	1.8	1.4	0.5	2.5	
Motor vehicle and parts dealers Furniture and home furnishings stores Electronics and appliance stores Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers Food and beverage stores Grocery stores Health and personal care stores	442 443 444 445 4451	- - - - -	4.0 2.2 (10) 3.7 5.8 7.0 2.6	1.6 1.2 (10) 2.6 2.5 3.0 1.0	1.3 (10) (10) 2.0 1.7 2.2 1.0	0.3 (10) (10) 0.6 0.7 0.9 (10)	2.5 1.0 (10) 1.0 3.4 4.0 1.6	

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2012 - Continued

		2012		Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories stores Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores General merchandise stores Miscellaneous store retailers Nonstore retailers Transportation and warehousing³ Truck transportation General freight trucking Specialized freight trucking Transit and ground passenger transportation School and employee bus transportation Other transit and ground passenger transportation Support activities for transportation Couriers and messengers Warehousing and storage Utilities Information Financial activities Finance and insurance Credit intermediation and related activities Insurance carriers and related activities Insurance carriers Insurance carriers	451 452 453 454 48-49 484 4841 4842 485 4854 4859 488 492 493		4.3 4.2 (10) 5.0 7.1 5.0 3.9 3.6 2.0 5.6 1.9 (10) (10) (10) 4.4 5.0 4.2 2.3 0.9 1.0 0.6 0.5 0.5 0.6	2.5 0.8 (10) 2.2 1.0 2.9 2.7 3.1 2.0 4.5 (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) 0.4 0.4 0.1 0.2 (10) (10) (10)	2.2 0.6 1.7 2.0 2.2 2.8 1.3 4.5 (¹⁰) (¹⁰) (¹⁰) (¹⁰) (¹⁰) 1.1 0.3 0.3 0.1 (¹⁰) (¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)	1.8 3.4 (10) 2.8 6.1 2.1 1.2 (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)
Real estate and rental and leasing	53		4.0	2.3	1.4	0.9	1.6
Real estate (scope changed in 2009)	531		3.1	1.5	1.1	(10)	1.6
Professional and business services			1.1	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.6

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2012 - Continued

		2012			n days away fron Insfer, or restricti		
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	-	0.6	0.2	0.2	(¹⁰)	0.4
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56						
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561		1.6	0.8	0.6	0.1	0.9
Education and health services			4.5	2.2	1.4	0.8	2.3
Educational services	61		2.0	0.8	0.7	(10)	1.3
Health care and social assistance	62		4.7	2.3	1.4	0.8	2.4
Ambulatory health care services Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance	621 622 623 624	 	2.3 6.0 6.8 3.4	1.1 2.3 4.8 1.6	0.8 1.6 2.9 0.9	0.3 0.7 1.9 0.8	1.3 3.7 2.0 1.8
Leisure and hospitality			3.6	1.3	1.1	0.2	2.3
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71		4.3	1.8	1.6	(10)	2.6
Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions	712 713		6.9 4.4	(¹⁰) 2.0	(¹⁰) 1.8	(¹⁰)	6.0 2.5
Accommodation and food services	72		3.4	1.2	1.0	0.2	2.2
Accommodation . Food services and drinking places . Full-service restaurants . Limited-service eating places . Special food services . Drinking places (alcoholic beverages)	721 722 7221 7222 7223 7224	 	4.1 3.4 2.9 3.8 5.6 (10)	1.8 1.1 1.3 0.6 3.4 (10)	1.3 1.0 1.3 0.5 1.6 (10)	(10) 0.2 (10) 1.7 (10)	2.3 2.2 1.6 3.2 2.2 (10)
Other services			4.3	1.8	1.3	0.6	2.5

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2012 - Continued

		2012			n days away fron Insfer, or restricti			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases	
Other services, except public administration	81		4.3	1.8	1.3	0.6	2.5	
Repair and maintenance	811 8112 812 813	 	4.3 (¹⁰) 3.6 5.4	2.5 (¹⁰) 1.4 1.7	2.3 (10) (10) (10) 1.4	(¹⁰) (¹⁰) 1.1 (¹⁰)	1.7 (¹⁰) 2.2 3.7	
State and local government			4.3	1.7	1.6	0.1	2.6	
State government			3.4	1.2	1.2	(10)	2.3	
Goods-producing ⁶			9.6	3.8	3.8	(10)	5.8	
Construction			9.6	3.8	3.8	(10)	5.8	
Construction	23		9.6	3.8	3.8	(10)	5.8	
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237		9.7	3.9	3.9	(10)	5.8	
Service-providing			3.2	1.0	1.0	(10)	2.1	
Education and health services			2.8	1.0	1.0	(10)	1.8	
Educational services	61		1.6	0.4	0.4	(10)	1.2	
Educational services	611 6113		1.6 1.5	0.4 0.4	0.4 0.4	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	1.2 1.1	
Health care and social assistance	62		7.2	3.1	3.1	(10)	4.1	
Hospitals	622 623		15.1 5.0	6.0 (¹⁰)	5.9 (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	9.1 (¹⁰)	
Public administration			3.7	1.1	1.1	(10)	2.5	

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2012 - Continued

		2012			h days away fron ansfer, or restricti		Other recordable cases
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Public administration	92		3.7	1.1	1.1	(¹⁰)	2.5
Justice, public order, and safety activities Justice, public order, and safety activities Police protection Correctional institutions	922 9221	 	4.3 4.3 8.1 4.9	1.4 1.4 2.3 1.6	1.3 1.3 2.2 1.6	(10) (10) (10) (10)	3.0 3.0 5.8 3.3
Local government			5.4	2.5	2.2	0.3	3.0
Service-providing			5.4	2.5	2.2	0.3	3.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹							
Utilities	22		(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Utilities			(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)
Education and health services			4.5	1.6	1.6	(10)	2.9
Educational services	61		4.5	1.6	1.6	(10)	2.9
Educational services	611 6111		4.5 4.5	1.6 1.6	1.6 1.6	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	2.9 2.9
Public administration			7.2	4.2	3.3	0.9	3.0

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2012 -- Continued

		2012		Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Public administration	92 92212		7.2	4.2	3.3 (¹¹)	0.9 (10)	3.0 (¹0)

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System 2007 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages. Employment data are not available from 2012 onward.

Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Data too small to be displayed.